Introduction to Prakrit ॥ पाउअप्पवेसिआ॥

Lesson 13: The Imperative and Optative तेरसज्झाओ - विहिआइअत्थे किरिआपआइं

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THE IMPERATIVE

- Formed from the present stem, but with special endings:
 - When the stem vowel is **short**, *su* (or zero) is used in the second person singular.

	singular	plural
first person		
उत्तमपुरुषः		
second person	kuṇa, kuṇasu	kuṇaha
मध्यमपुरुषः	Kuija, Kuijasu	Kuijana
third person	kuṇaü	kuṇantu
प्रथमपुरुषः	Kuiiau	Kuijaiitu

THE IMPERATIVE

- Formed from the present stem, but with special endings:
 - When the stem vowel is **long**, *hi* tends to be used in the second person singular.

	singular	plural
first person		
उत्तमपुरुषः		
second person	kahēhi	kahēha
मध्यमपुरुषः	Kancin	Kancha
third person	kahēu	kahentu
प्रथमपुरुष:	Kancu	Kanciitu

THE IMPERATIVE

- Formed from the present stem, but with special endings:
 - When the stem vowel is **long**, *hi* tends to be used in the second person singular.

	singular	plural
first person		
उत्तमपुरुषः		
second person	hōhi	hōha
मध्यमपुरुषः	110111	11011a
third person	hōu	hontu
प्रथमपुरुषः	110u	Homu

The optative of **all persons** was originally formed by adding the suffix *-ejjā*- to the stem.

	singular	plural
first person उत्तमपुरुषः	jāņejjā	jāņejjā
second person मध्यमपुरुषः	jāņejjā	jāņejjā
third person प्रथमपुरुषः	jāņejjā	jāņejjā

But it is more common for the final vowel to be shortened:

	singular	plural
first person उत्तमपुरुषः	jāņejja	jāņejja
second person मध्यमपुरुषः	jāņejja	jāņejja
third person प्रथमपुरुषः	jāņejja	jāņejja

- And it is even more common for a personal ending to be secondarily added outside of the third person:
 - si, su, and hi are all found in the second person singular.
 - ha is found in the second person plural.

	singular	plural
first person उत्तमपुरुषः	jāņejjāmi	jāņejjāmō
second person मध्यमपुरुषः	jāņejjasi, jāņejjasu, jāņejjahi	jāņejjaha
third person प्रथमपुरुषः	jāņejja	jāņejja

And it is even more common for a personal ending to be secondarily added outside of the third person:

Or using \bar{a} instead of a:

	singular	plural
first person उत्तमपुरुषः	jāņejjāmi	jāņejjāmō
second person मध्यमपुरुषः	jāņejjāsi, jāņejjāsu, jāņejjāhi	jāņejjāha
third person प्रथमपुरुषः	jāņejjā	jāņejjā

Happy studying! ॥ सहलो होउ सज्झाओ ॥